

## Correspondent Banking AML/CTF & Sanctions Risk **Domain**

## **Fact Sheet**

### WHAT IS CORRESPONDENT BANKING?

Correspondent banking is a financial arrangement between two banks, usually from different countries, where one bank (the correspondent bank) provides services on behalf of another bank (the respondent bank). These services often involve facilitating international transactions, processing payments, and managing foreign currency exchanges. Correspondent banking helps smaller or less established banks gain access to global financial networks and services, allowing them to conduct cross-border transactions and provide international banking services to their customers.

#### Why conduct a correspondent banking risk assessment?



#### **Compliance with Regulations**

Regulatory authorities, such as financial crime enforcement agencies and international bodies, require financial institutions to have effective risk assessment and risk management processes in place for correspondent banking relationships. Failing to comply can lead to regulatory penalties and reputational damage.



#### **Preventing Financial Crime**

Correspondent banking relationships can be exploited for money laundering, terrorist financing, and other illicit activities. By conducting risk assessments, you can identify potential risks and take steps to prevent these activities from occurring within your banking network.



#### **Maintaining Reputation**

Involvement in any form of financial crime, even unwittingly. can seriously damage a bank's reputation. Conducting risk assessments demonstrates your commitment to ethical and responsible banking practices, which can help maintain trust among customers, regulators, and partners.



#### Risk Management

Risk assessments enable you to identify higher-risk relationships and transactions. This allows you to implement appropriate risk mitigation measures, such as enhanced due diligence, ongoing monitoring, and reporting suspicious activities.



#### **Avoiding Financial Losses**

Engaging with high-risk respondent banks without proper risk assessment can lead to financial losses, legal liabilities, and potential disruptions to your own operations.



#### **Protecting the Financial System**

The global financial system's stability relies on the integrity of correspondent banking relationships. By conducting risk assessments, you contribute to safeguarding the system from abuse and illicit activities.



#### Adherence to Best Practices

Risk assessments help you adhere to industry best practices for risk management in correspondent banking. This can improve your institution's overall operational efficiency and effectiveness.



#### Strengthening Due Diligence

A thorough risk assessment process involves gathering comprehensive information about respondent banks. helping you better understand their business operations, customers, and compliance practices.



#### **Regulatory Reporting**

Many jurisdictions require banks to report suspicious transactions or activities. A well-conducted risk assessment can help you identify such activities and fulfil reporting obligations.



#### **Legal Compliance**

Depending on the jurisdiction, failure to adequately assess correspondent banking risks could result in legal consequences, including fines, sanctions, or legal actions.

#### CONDUCTING A CORRESPONDENT BANKING RISK ASSESSMENT IN

# 12 STEPS

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STEP

8



Identify and Gather Information: Collect bank, including ownership structure, location, business activities, and customers. Obtain information about the regulatory environment

STEP 08

STEP 10

STEP 10

**Documentation:** Document all steps taken during the risk assessment process, including findings, decisions, and actions taken to mitigate risks.

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STEP 02

Risk Categorisation: Categorise your correspondent banking relationships based on risk levels. Consider factors like the respondent bank's location, regulatory environment, AML/CTF controls, and transaction patterns.



Risk Mitigation: Implement appropriate risk This could include adjusting transaction





Risk Assessment: Evaluate the risks relationship. Consider the inherent risks (geographical, regulatory, etc.) and the controls the respondent bank has in place to



Internal Reporting: Maintain clear channels of communication with internal compliance teams and management regarding risk assessment findings, potential issues, and mitigation strategies.

STEP 8

STEP 04

Enhanced Due Diligence (EDD): For higher-risk relationships, apply enhanced due diligence measures. This may involve conducting more detailed investigations, requesting additional documentation, and verifying the source of funds.



Reporting Suspicious Activities: If you





Sanctions and PEP Screening: Screen ensure compliance with international sanctions and anti-corruption measures.



Regular Reviews and Updates: Conduct regular reviews of your correspondent banking relationships and risk assessments. Update risk assessments whenever there are significant changes to a respondent bank's operations or regulatory environment.

STEP 09

STEP 06

Ongoing Monitoring: Implement ongoing monitoring of correspondent banking relationships and transactions to detect any suspicious activities or patterns.



Training and Awareness: Ensure that your staff members are trained to understand and follow your correspondent banking



## **About Arctic Intelligence**

Arctic Intelligence (<u>www.arctic-intelligence.com</u>) is a multi-award winning, RegTech firm that specialises in audit, risk and compliance software related to financial crime compliance and risk management. Arctic Intelligence has helped hundreds of large and small clients across over 20 industry sectors and 20 countries and has also developed strong industry partnerships around the world.

Arctic has developed two leading cloud-based software <u>solutions</u> that leverage technology to re-engineer the way in which major financial institutions and other regulated businesses manage their enterprise-wide financial crime and non-financial crime risks.

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